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Reg. No.	:	
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Name :

Second Semester B.Com. Degree Examination, July 2017 First Degree Programme under CBCSS Core Course : CO 1242/CX 1241/CC 1242/HM 1241 FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING (Common for Commerce/Commerce and Tax Procedure and Practice/

Commerce with Computer Applications/Commerce and Hotel Management and Catering) (2014 Admn. Onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

SECTION - A

Answer all questions, each question carries 1 mark :

1. What is a ledger ?

2. Explain the revaluation method of deprecation.

3. What is self balancing ?

4. Explain money measurement concept.

5. Explain compound entry with example.

6. What is deferred revenue expenditure ?

7. What do you mean by a voyage account ?

8. What is the adjusting entry to bring into effect interest on capital ?

9. What do you mean by trade discount ?

10. Explain suspense account.

(10×1=10 Marks)

P.T.O.

SECTION - B

Not to exceed **one** paragraph, answer **any eight** questions. **Each** question carries **2** marks :

11. What is a trial balance ? What are the objectives of preparing trial balance ?

12. Explain straight line method of depreciation.

13. State the difference between a journal and a journal proper.

14. What do you mean by dual aspect ? Explain with example.

15. What do you mean by error of omission ?

16. Explain a compound entry with example.

17. What is credit note ?

18. What is a secret reserve ? Explain its a advantages.

19. What is an opening entry ? Give example.

20. What are the difference between capital expenditure and revenue expenditure?

21. What is journalizing ?

22. Briefly explain an accounting equation.

(8×2=16 Marks)

SECTION - C

Not to exceed 120 words, answer any six questions. Each question carries 4 marks :

23. Distinguish between double entry and single entry.

24. Differentiate between hire purchase and sale.

25. What are the difference between a trading account and manufacturing account?

26. What do you mean by depreciation ? Briefly explain the different methods of calculating depreciation.

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- 27. What are the difference between self balancing and sectional balancing ?
- 28. Bombay Chemicals Ltd. supplies their products in returnable containers. A container is invoiced to the customer at Rs. 40 but if it is returned within two months, a credit of Rs. 35 is given to the customer. A container costs the company Rs. 35 and its life is estimated at 6 years at the end of which the scrap value is likely to be Rs. 5. The following particulars are supplied to you :

Containers with customers (1-1-98)	10,000
Containers in stock (1-1-98)	14,000
Containers sent to cistomers during the year 1998	60,000
Containers returned by customers	63,000
Containers returnalie	6,000
Containers returnalle	1,000
Containers condenned during the year, useful life being over	1,500
Amount realized ty sale of condemned containers	Rs. 8,000
Depreciation is tobe provided on straight line basis	

Prepare the Containers' Trading Account for the year and ascertain the profit or losses earned o incurred in the year.

29. X Co. Ltd. puchased a machine on 1st April 2008 for Rs. 1,60,000. On October 1, 200 another machine was purchased for Rs. 1,40,000. On October 1, 2010 the firs machine was sold for Rs. 1,20,000. On the same date, another machine waspurchased for Rs. 1,00,000. On October 1, 2011 the second machine wassold for Rs. 92,000.

Rate of depeciation was 10% on original cost annually on 31st March. On 31st March 211 the method of charging depreciation was changed to diminishing balance menod, the rate being 15%.

Prepare Mchine Account for the year ending 31st March 2009, 2010, 2011 and 2012.

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Freight Rs. 4,00,000, Coal consumption Rs. 70,000, Stores consumed Rs. 30,000, Port charger Rs. 15,000, Salaries of the crew Rs. 40,000, Depreciation 40,000, Insurance (ship) Rs. 20,000, Insurance (freight) Rs. 8,000, Primage 10% Address commission 5%. Only Rs. 1,50,000 freight was available on the return journey. Prepare the Voyage Account up to December 31st.

31. From the following particulars prepare a Total Debtors Actount to be maintained in the General Ledger of a concern.

Rs.

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Total of the schedule of debtors as at 1 st January	12,654
Total credit sales during the month	56,512
Total of the returns Inwards Day Book	619
Total amount of cash received from debtors during the month	n. 48,216
Total of bills receivable received during the, month	12, 9 27
Total amount of discount allowed during the month	822
Total amount of bad debts written off during the month	• 1,118
Bills receivable dishonored during the month	5,200
Total of set-offs in Creditors ledger	654

The concerns trial balance on 31st January is out by Rs. 10 exess credit. The schedule of debtors as on 31st January totals Rs. 10,020. Whaconclusion do you draw ?

SECTION - D

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks :

- 32. What do you mean by depreciation what are the causes of depreciation? Narrate the methods used for calculating depreciation.
- 33. A joint stock company sells its product on hire purchase terms. It charges gross profit at 25% of selling price. The following particulars pertain to its hire purchase business during the year ended 31st March, 2012.

Balance of 1 st April 2011	Rs. ('0000)		
Stock out on hire purchase price	4,50		
Installments due customers still paying	12,00		
Cash received from customers during the year	48.00		
Balances on 31 st March 2012			
Stock out on hire purchase price	18.60		
Installments due, customers still paying	1.30		
Stock at shop	5.16		
You are required to propage			

You are required to prepare

P

- i) Hire purchase Debtors Account
- ii) Hire purchase Stock Account
- iii) Goods sold on Hire purchase Account
- iv) Stock at shop Account and
- v) Hire purchase Adjustment account, showing profit earned.

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34. The following is the trial balance of B Govil in 31st March 2012 :

	Dr.	Cr.
Cash in hand	540	•
Cash at bank	12,630	· · ·
Purchase Account	1,40,675	
Sales account		2,58,780
Returns Inward Account	2,680	
Returns outwards account	-	1,500
Wages account	20,480	· ·
Fuel and power account	4,730	
Carriage on sales account	3,200	
Carriage on purchase account	2,040	
Stock account (1 st April, 2011)	25,760	
Buildings account	30,000	
Freehold land account	20,000	
Machinery account	20,000	
Patent account	7,500	
Salaries account	15,000	• •
General expenses account	13,000	
Insurance account	600	
Drawings account	15,245	
Capital account		82,000
Sundry debtors	14,500	
Sundry creditors		6,300
Total	3,48,580	3,48,580

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Taking into account the following adjustments make the necessary journal entries and prepare trading and profit and loss account and the balance sheet :

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- a) Stock on hand on 31st March, 2012 is Rs. 26,800
- b) Machinery is to be depreciated at the rate of 10% and patents at the rate of 20%
- c) Salaries for the month of March, 2012 amounting to Rs. 1,500 were unpaid
- d) Insurance includes a premium of Rs. 170 on policy, expiring on 31st September, 2012
- e) Wages include a sum of Rs. 2,000 spent on the erection of a cycle shed for employees and customs
- A provision for Bad and Doubtful Debts is to be created to the extent of 5 per cent on Sundry debtors.
- 35. Briefly explain the concepts and conventions of accounting. (2×15

(2×15=30 Marks)

Reg. No. :

Name :

Second Semester B.Com. Degree Examination, July 2017 Career Related First Degree Programme Under CBCSS 2(b) – Commerce With Computer Applications Core Course VI : CC 1243 FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT (2014 Adm. Onwards)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

SECTION - A

Answer all questions in one or two sentences each. Each question carries one mark.

1. What do you understand by business finance?

2. What is capital structure ?

3. Define trading on equity.

4. What is Pay off period ?

5. What do you mean by redemption value?

6. Define marginal cost of capital.

7. What is stable dividend policy?

8. What is a Payout ratio ?

9. What do you mean by net working capital?

10. What is ploughing back of profit?

(10×1=10 Marks)

SECTION-B

Answer any eight questions in not exceeding one paragraph each. Each question carries 2 marks.

11. Explain VED analysis.

12. What do you mean by arbitrage process ?

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13. Explain operating cycle method of working capital estimation.

14. What is just in time inventory management?

15. Define a cash budget.

16. What are the important functions performed by a factor ?

17. Define perpetual inventory system.

18. Mention any two advantages of preference shares.

19. What is a market risk ?

20. What do you mean by benefit cost ratio?

- 21. What is capital rationing?
- 22. The cost of goods sold of S Ltd. is Rs. 50,000. The opening inventory is Rs. 4,000 and the closing inventory cost is Rs. 6,000. Find Inventory Turnover Ratio.

(8×2=16 Marks)

SECTION - C

Answer any six questions in about 120 words each, each question carries 4 marks.

- 23. What are the important functions of a finance manager?
- 24. What is capital budgeting ? Examine its need and importance.
- 25. Distinguish between a share and a debenture.
- 26. What are the essential features of a sound capital mix ?
- 27. What are the grounds on MM approach was criticized ?
- 28. Explain the main advantages of maintaining adequate amount of working capital.
- 29. What are the main motives of holding cash?
- 30. What are the factors influencing the size of receivables ?
- 31. Newton Ltd. has 500000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each and its current market value is Rs. 45 each. The after tax profit of the company for the year ended 31st March 2015 is Rs. 96,00,000. Calculate the cost of capital based on earnings price approach. (6×4=24 Marks)

SECTION - D

Answer any 2 questions in not exceeding 4 pages each. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 32. Define financial management and discuss the various functions of a financial manager.
- 33. What do you understand by capital budgeting process ? Enumerate briefly the major steps involved in capital budgeting process.

^{34.} Projects		Required initial investment	NPV at the appropriate cost of capital
	A	10,00,000	2,00,000
	В	30,00,000	3,50,000
	С	5,00,000	1,60,000
	D	20,00,000	2,50,000
	E	10,00,000	3,00,000

Total funds available Rs. 30,00,000. Determine the optimal combination of projects assuming that the projects are divisible.

35. The following information is given, calculate the payback period and discounted payback period.

Cost of project : Rs. 3,00,000, Life of the project : 5 years.

Annual cash inflow : Rs. 1,00,000. Expected rate of return : 10%

PV factor at 10%

Year	1	2	3	4	5
PV factor	.909	.826	.751	.683	.621

(2×1	5=30	Marks)	•
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Reg. No.	:	
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Name :

Second Semester B.Com. Degree Examination, July 2017 First Degree Programme Under CBCSS Complementary Course – II : CO 1231/CX 1231/CC 1231 BUSINESS REGULATORY FRAMEWORK (Common for Commerce/Commerce and Tax Procedure and Practice/ Commerce with Computer Applications) (2014 Adm. Onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

SECTION - A

Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 mark :

- 1. What do you mean by Quantum meruit?
- 2. In which year Sale of Goods Act came into force ?
- 3. What is an agreement?
- 4. What is an implied offer ?
- 5. What is contingent contract?
- 6. What is future consideration ?
- 7. Who is a lunatic person ?
- 8. What is TRAI ?
- 9. Write any two void agreements.
- 10. A find B's purse on the road and gives it to B. B promises to give Rs. 1000 to A. Afterwards he refuses to pay the amount. Can A recover the amount?

(10×1=10 Marks)

SECTION - B

Answer any 8 questions. Each question carries 2 marks :

- 11. Define duress.
- 12. What do you mean by wagering agreement ?
- 13. What is meant by attempted performance ?

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14. What is meant by copy rights ?

15. Who is a Pawnee ?

16. Define rescission.

17. Who is a delcredere agent ?

18. What is contract of guarantee ?

19. What do you mean by gratuitous bailment ?

20. What is lien ?

21. What are the objectives of Right to Information Act, 2005 ?

22. What is meant by agency by estoppel ?

(8x2=16 Marks)

SECTION - C

Answer any 6 questions. Each question carries 4 marks :

23. What are the different types of goods ?

24. Write a note on contingent contract.

25. State the differences between contract of guarantee and contract of indemnity.

26. Explain different kinds of agent.

27. What are the circumstances under which the object and consideration is unlawful?

28. State the differences between coercion and undue influence.

29. When does an offer comes to an End?

30. What are the essentials of a pledge ?

31. Explain the objectives of IRDA.

(6×4=24 Marks)

SECTION – D

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks :

32. Define consideration. What are the essentials of a valid consideration ?

33. Explain the rights and duties of a bailor.

34. Define agency. How an agency can be terminated ?

35. Explain the classification of contracts.

(2×15=30 Marks)

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Reg. No. :

Name :

Second Semester B.Com. Degree Examination, July 2017 First Degree Programme under CBCSS Core Course : CO 1241/CC 1241 BUSINESS COMMUNICATION AND OFFICE MANAGEMENT (Common for Commerce/Commerce with Computer Applications) (2014 Adm. Onwards)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

(10×1=10 Marks)

SECTION - A

Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

1. Who is an office manager?

2. Write any two life positions according to transactional analysis.

3. What is meant by non verbal communication?

4. What is rumour?

5. Define reports.

6. What are form letters ?

7. What are the electronic Medias of communication?

8. Write any two types of filing system.

9. What is record management?

10. Define interview.

SECTION-B

Answer any 8 questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

11. What are the benefits of listening?

12. State any two disadvantages of oral communication.

13. What is group communication?

14. What is bibliography?

15. Write any two advantages of office management.

P.T.O.

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- 16. What are the contents of a resume ?
- 17. What are the types of office lay out ?
- 18. Define communication.
- 19. What are the essential characteristics of a good filing system ?
- 20. Mention any four objectives of communication.
- 21. What do you mean by business letters ?
- 22. Define office management.

SECTION - C

Answer any 6 questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 23. Explain any four features of a business report.
- 24. What are the principles of communication ?
- 25. What are the advantages of a good office lay out ?
- 26. Distinguish between formal report and informal report.
- 27. Discuss 7 Cs of communication.
- 28. What are the different styles of presentation of business letters ?
- 29. State the differences between formal and informal communication.
- 30. Explain the functions of an office manager.
- 31. What are the ways for overcoming communication barriers ?

SECTION-D

(6×4=24 Marks)

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 32. Define business letter. Explain the lay out of a business letter.
- 33. Explain different types of communication.
- 34. Explain the structure of a business report.
- 35. Write an application letter for an advertised post.

(2×15=30 Marks)

(8×2=16 Marks)